

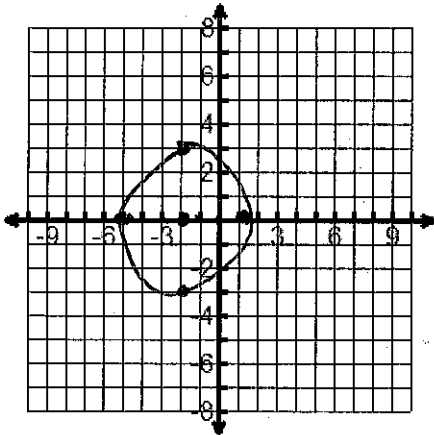
Key

Chage #6's
#12
Done on
original in
computer!

Directions:

- I. Identify the type
- II. Graph each conic
- III. List critical parts:
 - For Circles: (a) center, (b) radius
 - For Parabolas: (a) vertex, (b) focus, (c) directrix
 - For Ellipses: (a) center, (b) vertices, (c) foci

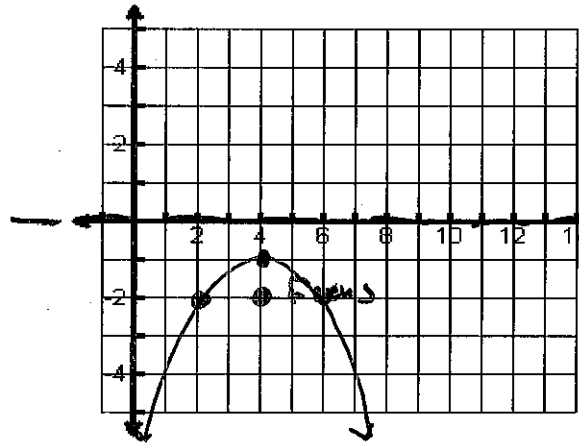
1. $(x+2)^2 + y^2 = 9$



Circle:
ctr: (-2, 0)
radius: 3

2. $-\frac{1}{4}(x-4)^2 = (y+1)^{-4}$

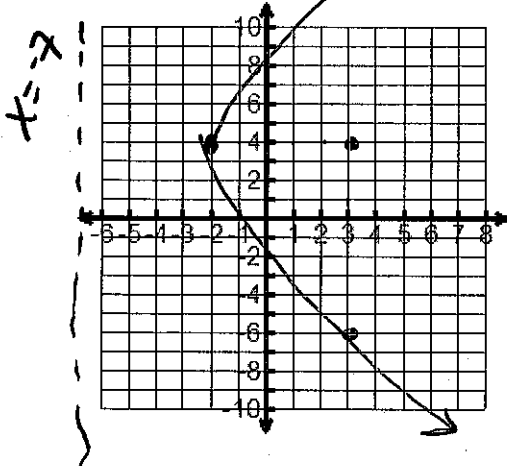
parabola:
 $(x-4)^2 = -4(y+1)$



Opens: down
vertex: (4, -1)
 $\frac{4p}{4} = \frac{-4}{4}$
p = -1
focus: (4, -2)
directrix: y = 0

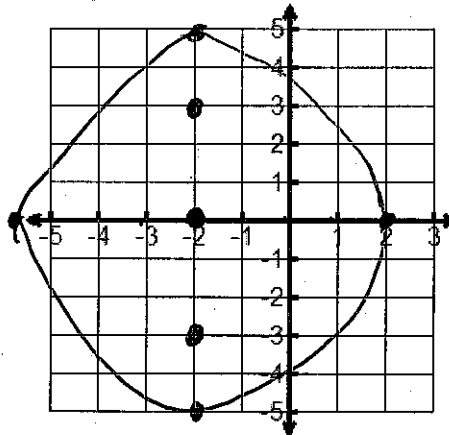
3. $(y-4)^2 = 20(x+2)$

Parabola:
Opens: Right
vertex: (-2, 4)
 $4p = 20$
p = 5
focus: (3, 4)
directrix: x = -7



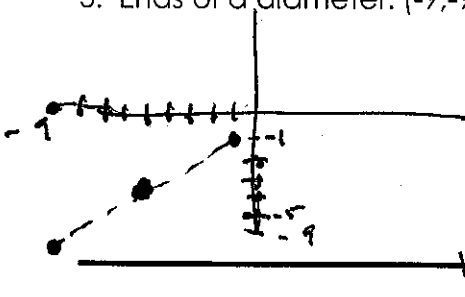
4. $\frac{(x+2)^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$
b = 4 a = 5

Ellipse:
Vertical
ctr: (-2, 0)
Vertices:
(-2, 5) (-2, -5)
co-vertices:
(2, 0) (-6, 0)
Foci: $c^2 = a^2 - b^2$
 $c^2 = 25 - 16$
 $c^2 = 9$
c = 3
(-2, 3) (-2, -3)



Use the information provided to write the standard form equation of each circle.

5. Ends of a diameter: (-9, -9) and (-1, -1)

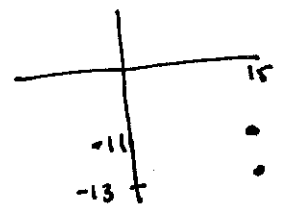


ctr (-5, -5)
r: 4
 $(x+5)^2 + (y+5)^2 = 16$

6. Ctr: ~~(15, -13)~~ Pt on a circle: (15, -13)

$r^2 = (15)^2 + (-13)^2$
 $r^2 = 225 + 169$
 $r^2 = 394$

$x^2 + y^2 = 394$



Use the information provided to write the transformational form equation of each parabola.

7. Vertex: (-4, -1), Focus: (-4, -6)

$p=5$

$$(x+4)^2 = 20(y+1)$$

8. Vertex: (-9, 4), Directrix: $x = -12$

Right

$$(y-4)^2 = 12(x+9)$$

9. Focus (6, 4), Directrix: $y = 10$

$y=10$

$p=6$ going down

$$(y-6)^2 = 24(x-10)$$

Use the information provided to write the standard form equation of each ellipse.

10. vertices (4,3), (4,-9)

$a=6$

Vertical

Length of minor axis is 8

$b=4$

$$\frac{(x-4)^2}{16} + \frac{(y+3)^2}{36} = 1$$

11. Major axis (-13, 2) to (1, 2)

Horizontal

Minor axis (-6, 4) to (-6, 0)

$b=2$

$$\frac{(x+6)^2}{49} + \frac{(y-2)^2}{4} = 1$$

Write each equation in standard form. Identify the related conic.

Circle

$$12. x^2 + y^2 + 6x - 4y - 3 = 0$$

$(6/2)^2$

$(-4/2)^2$

$$(x^2+6x) + (y^2-4y) = 3$$

$$(x^2+6x+9) + (y^2-4y+4) = 3+9+4$$

$$(x+3)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 16$$

parabola

$$13. x^2 - 8x - 8y - 40 = 0$$

$(-8/2)^2 = 16$

$$x^2 - 8x = 8y + 40$$

$$(x^2 - 8x + 16) = 8y + 40 + 16$$

$$(x-4)^2 = 8y + 56$$

$$(x-4)^2 = 8(y+7)$$

Ellipse

$$14. 4x^2 + 8y^2 - 8x + 48y + 44 = 0$$

$(-2/2)^2$

$(6/2)^2$

$$(4x^2 - 8x) + (8y^2 + 48y) = -44$$

$$4(x^2 - 2x + 1) + 8(y^2 + 6y + 9) = -44 + 4 + 72$$

$$\frac{4(x-1)^2}{32} + \frac{8(y+3)^2}{32} = \frac{32}{32}$$

$$\frac{(x-1)^2}{8} + \frac{(y+3)^2}{4} = 1$$